

ISD 86-235 KY (c/w EC motor)

Ducted Split System Indoor Units

Fig. 1 Dimensions (mm) MODEL В С D Ε F Α ISD 86KY 1020 835 837 1045 934 982 870 Not to Scale ISD 114KY 1115 965 932 1140 1063 1077 1000 1280 965 ISD 139KY |1097|1305|1063|1242|1000 ISD 159KY |1310|1095|1097|1305|1194|1242|1130 OPTIONAL SPRING MTG CTRS ISD 184KY 1410 1095 1287 1496 1194 1433 1130 FIXED MTG CTRS ISD 235KY 1665 1095 1447 1656 1544 1593 1481 **Net Weight** ISD 86KY 68 kg REFRIG. CONN'S ISD 114KY 75 kg FIXED MTG CENTRES 500 MIN. CLEARANCE 500 MIN. CLEARANCE ISD 139KY 85 kg ISD 159KY 92 kg ISD 184KY 95 kg ELECTRICAL BOX ISD 235KY 105 kg OPTIONAL SPRING MTG CENTRES Note: ISD 86KY has only one fan outlet G_ FIXED MTG CTRS ELECTRICAL BOX OPTIONAL SPRING MTG CTRS ACCESS PANEL REFRIG CONN'S DRAIN 19 OD SAFETY DRAIN 16 OD -785 OA A OVERALI

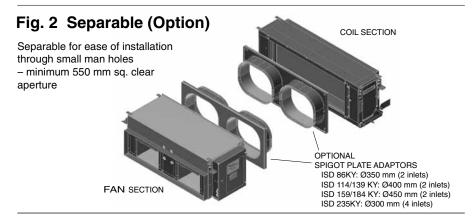


Fig. 3 Spring Mounting

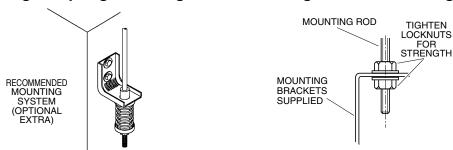


Fig. 4 Solid Mounting

Installation & Maintenance

GENERAL

These ISD*KY indoor units are designed to be coupled with the OSA*RK outdoor units. Units must be installed in accordance with all national and local safety codes.

Combinations

One ISD 86KY with one OSA 86RKSH
One ISD 114KY with one OSA 114RKSH
One ISD 114KY with one OSA 114RKTH
One ISD 139KY with one OSA 139RKSH
One ISD 139KY with one OSA 139RKTH
One ISD 159KY with one OSA 159RKSH
One ISD 159KY with one OSA 159RKTH
One ISD 184KY with one OSA 184RKTH
One ISD 184KY with one OSA 184RKTV
One ISD 235KY with one OSA 235RKTH
One ISD 235KY with one OSA 235RKTV

Options

- 1. Filter Box c/w polypropylene net filter
- 2. Spring Mounting Kit
- 3. Supply & Return Air Plenums
- Spigot Plate Adaptor
 ISD 86KY: Ø350 mm (2 inlets)
 ISD 114/139 KY: Ø400 mm (2 inlets)
 ISD 159/184 KY: Ø450 mm (2 inlets)
 ISD 235KY: Ø300 mm (4 inlets)

SAFETY DRAIN TRAY

The unit is supplied with an in-built safety drain tray to protect your ceiling against accidental damage.

AIR FILTRATION / FILTER BOX (Option)

As air filtration requirements vary, filters are not supplied with the unit. Filters should ideally be installed on the return air side of the unit, no closer than 500mm from the back of the unit and easily accessible for cleaning. To maximise the efficiency of air flow, the return air filter should be twice the area of the ISD unit's return air spigot/s. If efficiency is less of a concern a Filter Box is available.

The Filter Box is installed by sliding it over the return air spigot and screwing it in place. The filter may be accessed from either side of this spigot. This new spigot has a depth of 135 mm, instead of 60 mm.

SEPARABLE (Option)

Each model is made up of two parts, a fan section and a coil section (refer fig.2). To separate, undo the screws holding the two parts together. Disconnect the two sensor wires that run between the two parts at the control board. Remember to reconnect these two wires to the same place when re-assembling. Make sure the contact seals are tightly sealed all the way around when reassembling the two sides.

It may be desirable in some applications to keep the two separate parts of the unit apart and joined by ducting, eg over a ceiling joist. A pair of the optional Spigot Plate Adaptors are available to facilitate this option.

INSTALLATION

Positioning & Mounting

Provide 500 mm minimum clearance to both ends of the unit.

If low noise is a critical factor in the installation, refer to Figure 6 for noise isolation recommendations.

It is recommended that the unit be mounted using the spring mounting system, supplied as an optional extra (Fig.7). This system minimises transfer of vibration into the building structure.

If a more rigid installation can be tolerated, then suspend the unit from four threaded rods (not supplied) attached to the ceiling. Four 'L' shaped brackets are supplied on the unit to facilitate this method. These brackets must first be unscrewed, reversed and resecured to enable rod attachment.

The unit has a built-in sloping drain tray, therefore mount it level.

When finally positioned, tighten the lock nuts on the mounting rods from above and below the mounting flange to give a firm installation (see Fig. 4).

Condensate Drains

The condensate drain should be trapped outside the unit cabinet. The trap should have a vertical height of at least 50 mm. The drain should have a slope of at least 1 in 50 and must not be piped to a level above the unit drain tray. (Refer Fig.5).

For long condensate pipe runs, fit a vent pipe near the drain trap. The top of the vent pipe must be at least 100 mm above the ISD unit's drain tray.

It is essential that the drainage system for the evaporator is checked by pouring water in the drain tray and seeing that it discharges at the end of the drain and does not overflow the drain tray.

Connect the safety drain tray drain pipe to a suitable drain line with an appropriate slope to allow free drainage. This drain line does not require trapping. Test the drain with water to ensure it clears safely.

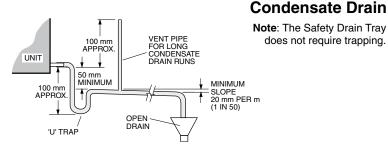
INDOOR-OUTDOOR UNIT CONNECTIONS

Refer to the relevant OSA Outdoor Unit 'Installation & Maintenance' pamphlet for piping instructions. For wiring connections, refer to the Outdoor Unit wiring diagram in conjunction with the ISD wiring diagram in this pamphlet.

REFRIGERATION PIPING Pipe Connection Sizes (mm OD) & Type

•		, , ,
Model	Liquid	Suction
	10 (3/8") sweat	
	10 (3/8") sweat	
	10 (3/8") sweat	
	13 (1/2") sweat	
	13 (1/2") sweat	
ISD 235KY	13 (1/2") sweat	22 (7/8") sweat

Fig. 5



The ISD is shipped from the factory with a pressurised holding charge of nitrogen. Immediately before removing any brazed pipe connection's seal, reduce the holding charge to atmospheric pressure.

Warning: Failure to do so may cause injury.

Refer to the Outdoor Unit 'Installation & Maintenance' pamphlet for evacuation procedure and piping requirements.

ELECTRICAL WIRING

The electrical supply required (via the Outdoor Unit) is specified on the Outdoor Unit's wiring diagram.

Electrical work must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with local supply authority regulations and the wiring diagram.

In a free blow or low resistance application, beware of exceeding the fan motor's full load amp limit (refer Outdoor Unit's wiring diagram).

Note: The SAT-2 Controller automatically switches the indoor fan off during de-ice, therefore no additional wiring is required to achieve this result.

INDOOR FAN SPEED

The indoor fan speed can be 'Stepped' or 'Continuously Variable'. The choice is made using Switch 1 of 'DIP1' on the EC Motor Controller. Switches 1 to 5 on 'DIP2' determine the minimum and maximum fan speeds.

The same 'Minimum rpm' and 'Maximum rpm' settings apply to 'Stepped' and 'Continuously Variable'.

The default settings for DIP1 and DIP2 are highlighted on the Wiring Schematic.

- 1. Stepped (DIP1 switch 1 = OFF)
 Connecting the 24V AC power from the unit's 'HOT 24V' terminal to one (and only one at a time) of the 'LOW 24V' / 'MED 24V' / 'HIGH 24V' terminals, selects the 'LOW' (Min. rpm), 'HIGH' (Max. rpm), or 'MED' (mid-way between) fan speed. The transitions between speeds are smooth.
- Continuously Variable (DIP1 switch 1=ON)
 When using this method a temperzone
 Analog Signal Isolator (No. 201-000-129)
 must be fitted and connected as shown
 in the wiring schematic. 24V AC or DC
 power from the external (BMS) controller
 should be provided to the '24V' and '0V'
 input terminals of the Signal Isolator
 board.

A voltage below 2V DC applied across the '0V' and the '0-10V' input terminals (labelled 'From BMS Controller' in the wiring schematic) of the Signal Isolator will stop the indoor fan. A control voltage of slightly more than 2V will cause the fan to run at the 'Min. rpm' speed. A 10V DC signal will run the fan at the 'Max. rpm' speed. Control voltages between these two limits can be used to achieve any

desired speed between 'Min.' and 'Max.'

Do not use switch combinations marked with 'DO NOT USE' in the Speed Selection table.

If the air returning to the indoor unit is regularly expected to be above 50%RH, then the coil face velocity should be limited to be 2.5 m/s or less (refer Air Handling graph in Technical Data pamphlet).

High humidity levels can occur in tropical or subtropical conditions, and/or when heavily moisture laden fresh air is introduced. Select a fan speed that avoids water carry-over problems.

THERMOSTATS

rpm.

A dedicated neutral line is required where electronic or anticipator thermostats are used when you choose to have indoor fan off in de-ice.

COMMISSIONING

Indoor Unit

- Check that the thermostat is correctly wired and set at the desired temperature.
- 2. Check that the air filter (if fitted) is clean.
- 3. Check that the fan runs freely without vibration.
- 4. Check condensate drain and safety drain tray for free drainage.

Refer to Outdoor Unit Installation Instructions in order to complete the startup and commissioning procedure for the complete air conditioning system.

MAINTENANCE

Weekly For First Four Weeks

- Check air filter (if fitted); vacuum clean as necessary.
- 2. Check condensate drain for free drainage.

Monthly

Check air filter (if fitted); vacuum clean as necessary.

Six Monthly

- 1. Check condensate drain and safety drain tray for free drainage.
- 2. Check heat exchanger coil; vacuum or brush clean as necessary.
- 3. Check the tightness of the fan.
- 4. Check that fan motor is free running.
- 5. Check tightness of electrical connections.
- 6. Check air supply at diffuser outlets.

WARNING

This unit is designed for use ONLY with the refrigerant HFC-410A (R410A). The use of other refrigerants is NOT authorised or approved by the manufacturer and may cause operational problems such as poor performance and efficiency, loss of capacity, degradation of materials and refrigerant leaks.

The use of flammable or explosive materials as a refrigerant creates the additional risks of fire and explosion which may result in property damage, personal injury or death.

NOTE

The manufacturer reserves the right to change specifications at any time without notice or obligation. Certified dimensions available on request.

This pamphlet replaces the previous issue no. 3722a dated 04/12. Wiring revision B.

Fig. 7 Application Considerations

Recommendations for Noise Isolation

- particularly for high static installations:
- Avoid installing units, with non-ducted return air, directly above spaces where noise is critical.
- 2. Use flexible connections between unit and rigid ducting.
- 3. Use generously sized acoustically lined ducts.
- 4. If generous duct size is not possible, use turning vanes on bends to reduce air turbulence (regenerated noise).
- Use 90° bends in ducting to significantly assist in noise reduction.

